Joyful Fruit Month 2023 - School Fruit Promotion Project

Nutritional Guidelines for Catering Activities in Schools

To promote healthy eating, schools are recommended to use healthy cooking methods and to avoid ingredients that are high in fat, salt or sugar when organising activities, such as cooking demonstrations/competitions, food tasting events and fruit parties. Please also note that <u>receipts</u> <u>that containing high-fat, high-salt or high-sugar food items will not be accepted for reimbursement</u> <u>in the "School Healthy Eating Promotion Fund"</u>. Schools may refer to the principles of healthy cooking and healthy ingredients in the tables below:

Cooking	Principles	Examples of healthy	Examples of unhealthy	
methods		cooking methods	cooking methods	
	 Use low-fat cooking methods Use no more than 3 teaspoons of cooking oil in preparing a dish for 4 persons (1 teaspoon = 5 ml) 	Boiling, steaming, grilling, baking, stewing, stir-frying or pan-frying with small amount of oil	Deep-frying, braising or shallowing frying	

Type of food	Principles Examples of healthy		Examples of ingredients	
		ingredients	high in fat, salt or sugar	
Oil/Fat/Salad	 ✓ Use healthy vegetable oil ✓ Use low- or reduced- fat salad dressing 	Margarine without trans fat,	Butter, lard, coconut oil,	
dressing		corn oil, olive oil, canola oil, peanut oil	palm oil, margarine containing trans fat,	
			shortening	
	To avoid high fat content in food, limit the use of healthy oils/salad dr the minimum as well.			
Grains	✓ Use grains and cereals which are low in fat and without added sugar	Plain biscuits (Marie biscuit, crackers), , white bread, whole wheat bread, white rice, red rice, barley, sago, egg noodles, spaghetti, rice vermicelli, Chinese noodles, breakfast cereal without added sugar	Biscuits with fillings, palmiers, wafers, cookies, digestive biscuits, "lady fingers", cake, croissants, pastries, cocktail bun, pineapple bun, pre-fried instant noodles, E-fu noodles	

Appendix IV

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Type of food	Principles	Examples of healthy	Examples of ingredients	
		ingredients	high in fat, salt or sugar	
Vegetables	✓ Use fresh or frozen	Fresh or frozen vegetables,	Preserved and pickled	
	vegetables, canned vegetables with	canned vegetables with	vegetables (Pickles,	
	reduced salt or after	reduced salt or after	preserved mustard	
	blanching to replace	blanching	greens), vegetable juice	
	pickles		with added salt	
Fruits	✓ Use fresh fruit or pure	Fresh fruit, canned fruit in	Canned fruit in syrup,	
	fruit juice (except coconut because it is	juice, frozen fruit, pure fruit	dried fruit, juice and jam	
	high in fat)	juice*, dried fruit and jam	with added sugar,	
	✓ Use fruit products	without added sugar	coconut, coconut	
	without added sugar		milk/cream and shredded	
			coconut	
Meat, fish, egg	✓ Use fresh/frozen lean	Fresh or frozen lean beef,	Pork belly, pork jowl,	
and	meat to replace preserved meat	pork, fish, seafood, skinless	fatty beef, beef brisket,	
alternatives	✓ Use non-fried plain	poultry, canned tuna in	chicken wings, chicken	
	bean products	water, dried beans, tofu,	paw, canned tuna in oil,	
	 ✓ Use non-fried nuts without added salt 	soybean sheet, unseasoned	luncheon meat, sausage,	
	and sugar	plant-based meat	ham, bacon, ready-made	
	C	alternatives, dry-roasted	meatballs, imitation crab	
		plain nuts	meat, Chinese preserved	
			sausage, salted fish,	
			salted eggs, canned beans	
			with added salt or sugar	
			(e.g. sweetened bean	
			paste), tofu puff, fried	
			beancurd sheet, fried	
			wheat gluten, seasoned	
			plant-based meat	
			alternatives, fried cashew	
			nut, roasted nuts with	
			added salt	

			Appendix IV	
Choices of	Principles	Examples of healthy	Examples of ingredients	
Ingredients		ingredients	high in fat, salt or sugar	
Milk and alternatives	✓ Use skimmed, low-fat or reduced-fat plain dairy products	Skimmed or low-fat milk, milk powder and yoghurt,	Full-cream dairy products, cream,	
	 ✓ Use low-sugar or sugar-free calcium- fortified soy milk 	reduced-fat cheese, low- sugar or sugar-free soya milk	evaporated milk, condensed milk, creamer	
Seasonings	 ✓ Use natural ingredients to replace seasonings or sauces which are high in salt or fat 	Garlic, ginger, spring onion, onion, lemon or lime juice, vinegar, parsley, five-spices powder, mustard powder, star anise, herbs, spices, tomato paste	Shrimp paste, fermented bean curd, fermented black soybean, chicken powder, MSG, ready-to- use sauces, ketchup	
	To avoid food containing high level of sodium and sugar, the following seasonings should be used at minimal amount: - Oyster sauce, soy sauce, salt and other seasonings containing sodium - Sugar, including white sugar, syrup, honey, rock sugar, cane sugar			
Others	 ✓ Use ingredients low in fat, salt or sugar 	Gelatin powder, sugar-free cocoa powder, agar, plain konjac powder	Fruity jelly powder, candy, chocolate (including pure/dark chocolate), chocolate sauce, hazelnut spread, ice-cream, soft drinks	

* It is encouraged to consume a whole fruit instead of fruit juice because a whole fruit has higher nutritional values.

For pure fruit juice, it is recommended to provide no more than 180 ml (approximately ³/₄ cup) per serving.

How do I know if a food item contains added oil, salt or sugar?

Reading the ingredient list of a prepackaged food is a useful way to determine if oils, salt or sugar is added to the food.

Examples:

Nuts with added oil:

Seaweed with added salt

Ingredients:
Seaweed, Sugar, Flavour Enhancer, Mirin Salt Fish & Shrimp (Contains
Crustaceans)

Fruit juice with added sugar

Ingredients:	
Water, Concentrated Orange Juice	Sugar, Pulp, Acidity Regulator (330),
Preservative (202), Vitamin C, Natu	ıral Colour (160a), Vitamin E

Sugar can be added to food in forms of brown sugar, dextrose/glucose, fructose, fruit juice concentrates, high-fructose corn syrup, honey, invert sugar, lactose, maltose, molasses, sucrose and syrup etc.

Making healthier food choices by reading nutrition labels

To choose healthier prepackaged food, read the nutritional label to see whether the "total fat", "sugar" and "sodium" contents meet the criteria of "low-fat", "low-sugar" and "low-sodium". Avoid choosing food that is high in "total fat", "sodium" or "sugar" (per 100g).

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	Examples XYZ Soda Cracker					
	Nutrition Information 營養資料 Serving Per Packet:5 Serving Size:20g 每容器份量数目:5 食用分量:20克					
				Per Serving 每食用分量	Per 100g 毎100克	
	Energy 總熱量 Protein 蛋白質 Total Fat 總脂肪 Saturated Fat 飽和脂肪 Trans Fat 反式脂肪 Carbohydrate 碳水化合物 Sugar 糖 Sodium 鈉 Dietary Fibre 膳食纖維			84 kcal 2 g 3 g 1 g 0 g 10 g 2 g 180 mg 0.4 g	420 kcal 10 g 15 g 5 g 0 g 50 g 10 g 900 mg 2 g	
Tips for Choosing Healthier Food Check out the fat, sugars and sodium (or salt) contents in nutrition labels and make a healthier choice of "3 Low".						
		What is High? (Choose less)			is Low? se more)	
		Per 100 g (more than)	Per 100 m (more than		Per 100 mL (not more than)	
	Total fat	20) g	3 g	1.5 g	
	Sugars	15 g	7.5 g		5 g	
	Sodium	600 mg	300 mg	12	120 mg	
	01/20					

Source of information: Food and Environmental Hygiene Department

To learn more about nutritional label, please visit the website of Centre for Food Safety: https://www.cfs.gov.hk/nutritionlabel/